

PX-Job 3.3

General

- **PX-Job**: command line based PC-Axis file managing application
 - meant especially for routine process automation
 - the commands may be given directly from the command line or via specific command files (e.g. `bat` or `cmd` text files)
 - may be called from other applications
(the return code for a successful operation is 0)
- PX-Job uses the **same** source code as PX-Edit
 - the default answer to all user interface requests (e.g. when opening or saving files) is **OK**
- PX-Job has some functionalities that are not available in the PX-Edit interface
- PX-Job replaces the old *PX-EditBatch* and *PX-Tool* applications

Installation

- Three files are needed for basic use:
 - `PX-Job.exe` main program
 - `PX-Edit_33.paq` program code
 - `Dyalog150rt_unicode.dll` interpreter dll
- Other installation files, which **may** be needed are
 - `Zip.exe, Unzip.exe` archive packer and opener
 - `PX-Edit_main_33.ini` main settings file
 - language files and other settings or control files
- PX-Job may be installed simply by copying the necessary files into one directory
 - updating is usually simple: just replace the `paq` file with a newer one
 - Excel functionality needs Excel (or MS Office) to be installed

Command line syntax

PX-Job {job} [**in**] {out} {err} {copy} {meta} {set} {path} {log} {-} {!}

job	job type (default: px)
in	source directory, file, file list or list file (mandatory)
out	output directory or file (default: source files)
err	directory for erroneous files
copy	directory for source files
meta	metadata file or directory
set	settings file
path	common directory path
log	log file
-	options
!	switches

Command line

- The command line consists of the program name `[path\]PX-Job[.exe]` and space separated parameter definitions (arguments)
 - the parameter ordering is free
 - the parameter codes are separated from the definition part by an equal sign (for example `job=csv`)
 - if the first parameter definition does not have the equal sign, it is interpreted as a `job` parameter
 - `in` parameter is **always** compulsory

job: batch type

px	standardized PC-Axis file (default)
csv	semicolon separated structured text file
exp	<i>eXplorer</i> file
htm	html file
sql	<i>simplePXsql</i> macro
txt	tab separated structured text file
xml	CoSSI/XML table
xls	Excel file
report	database report
split	partial table
translate	multilingualizer

- If `job` parameter is missing, and the first argument does not have the equal sign, it is interpreted as the batch type
- If `job` cannot be deducted, it is interpreted as `job=px`

File types

- For some file types the default output (type, format and character coding) may be changed with switches (e.g. `-o` and `-t`)
- The default types need no extra switches
 - `px` standard PC-Axis file
 - `csv` semicolon separated text file
 - `htm` html table with no specific colouring
 - `report` semicolon separated csv file
 - `split` px table
 - `sql` all INPUT macros
 - `txt` WinANSI coded tab separated text file
 - `xls` Excel file (`xls` normally, `xlsx` for big tables)
 - `xml` CoSSI/XML table: XDF format

Parameters

in: source (mandatory) /1

- Either source directory, file, list file or comma-separated file list
 - if there are spaces or commas in the definition, the parameter **must** be given in quotes ("")
- Source directory
 - the directory name should end with slash (\ or /)
 - as default, only px files are read from the directory (see options `-i` and `-s`)
- Source file
 - the file name may include wildcard characters `?` and `*`
 - if the file extension is `list` (or `lst`), the file is regarded as a *list file*
 - direct net addresses start with `\\`
 - web addresses start with `http:`

in: source (mandatory) /2

- List file
 - a *list file* is a simple text file, which contains file names, one per row
 - the lines that start with a semicolon are skipped (i.e. the file may include comments)
 - if all the files are in the same directory, only the first name must contain the file path
 - if all the files have a common path, it will be used with `s1` option
- File list
 - the file list consists of comma-separated file names (no spaces allowed)
 - if the file names contain commas, the names must be given in quotes
 - if all the files are in the same directory, only the **first** name must contain the file path

in: source (mandatory) /3

in=D:\path\source\

source **directory**

in=D:/path/source/

ditto

in=D:\path\Source.xls

source file

in=D:\path*.xls

read all xls files

in=D:\path\Allfiles.list

read all **list file** files

in="D:\pa th\Source.csv"

space in the name

in=D:\path1*.px,D:\path2*.csv

file list (with wildcards)

in=D:\path\A.px,B.px,C.px

file list (in the same directory)

in=D:\path\ "A,1.px", "B,2.px"

file list (commas in names)

in=\\ad.sta.fi\path\File.px

direct net address

in=http:\\px.sta.fi\path\File.px

web address

out: result

- Output directory or file
 - the directory name should end with backslash
 - any non-existent directory will be created (see options `-o` and `-s`)
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes

<code>out=D:\path\Result.px</code>	output file
<code>out=D:\path\target\</code>	output directory
<code>out=D:/path/target/</code>	slash is also permitted

- If `out` is omitted, the output files are written in the `source` directories possibly overwriting existing source files

`err`: error directory

- When this setting is in use, the erroneous source files will be copied in the designated directory (they will not be processed otherwise)
 - the directory name should end with a backslash
 - any non-existent directory will be created
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes
- as default, PX-Job is pretty sensitive to all errors with `err` parameter
 - the sensitivity level may be set with option `-e`
- source files are **not** deleted automatically
 - the expunge switch `!x` is used for file deleting

copy: archive directory

- The source files will be copied into the designated directory
 - the directory name should end with a backslash
 - any non-existent directory will be created
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes
- if the `err` parameter is in use, it will be used in erroneous cases
- the source files are **not** deleted automatically
 - the expunge switch `!x` is used for file deleting

meta: templates and control files

- Setting of template directory or file
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes

meta=D:\path\Result.pxk template file

meta=D:\path\templates\ template directory

- PX-Job will try to find an equivalent metadata source file (px or pxk) which has the same name as the result file
 - with or without trailing or leading parts (separated by underlines)
 - name searching is not case sensitive
- the meta parameter is also used with multilingualizing (job=translate), reporting (job=report), partial table splitting (job=split) and metadata injection (-a)

set: settings file

- Settings file for batch job
 - usually PX-Job uses the main settings file in the installation directory (`PX-Edit_main_33.ini`), if it is found
 - the `set` parameter may be used for using an additional settings file (like the personal settings file in PX-Edit)
 - it might be suitable e.g. for defining default keywords
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes

path: common directory path

- The common path setting for file/directory definitions in the command line
 - the file/directory settings that **start** with a backslash (\) will be prefixed with the `path` setting
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes
 - for example, the following input strings will be interpreted similarly:

```
in=D:\database\input\ out=D:\database\output\  
meta=D:\database\template\
```

```
in=\input\ out=\output\ meta=\template\  
path=D:\database\
```

```
in=/input/ out=/output/ meta=/template/  
path=D:/database/
```

log: keeping track

- The log file is used to record the messages shown during the job (in English)
 - all error messages, confirmations, input and output file names, etc. will be recorded
 - if there are spaces in the definition, the parameter must be given in quotes
 - PX-Job will also log the batch start and stop timestamp in the PX-Edit log (if it is in use)
 - the log feature may be switched off with !o
- The log directory must exist (i.e. it will not be created)
 - the default directory is the launch directory
 - the default name is `px-job_yyyymmdd.log`
- The file extension is `log`
 - if the file exists, the new log messages will be added to the file

Options and switches

Options start with dash, switches with exclamation mark

- Options and switches are used to fine-tune the batch
 - the options have (usually) multiple alternatives
 - the symbols after the options in this document:
? / * / & = one character/ string/ comma-separated list
 - the switches have two alternatives (states)
 - some of the option values may be given as switches (**-s1** = -s = !s)
- The options and switches may be grouped, but
-g, -i, -j, -l, -n and -v **have** to be separate

For example

```
-icsv,txt -o1 -u+2 -r -z !s !x
```

may be shortened to

```
-o1ru+2z -icsv,txt !sx
```

Input

-e? : error sensitivity

- As default, PX-Job handles all input files
 - except those that have fatal errors in them
(e.g. the number of data cells does not equal the metadata)
- With the `err` parameter, PX-Job will not tolerate invalid tables, and all warnings or errors will make the job copy the files in the `err` directory
 - **-e1** normal sensitivity level (as without `err` parameter)
- Valueless option (`-e`) or switch (`!e`) equals to option **-e1**

-i&: input file types

- Source file extension definition
 - the default input files are **px** files, but it is possible to give a comma-separated extension list (do not add spaces)
- Wildcard characters **?** and ***** are allowed
 - ixls only xls files will be read
 - ipx,xls both px and xls files
 - i* all files in the source directory

-s? : sub-directories

- As default, only the files in the source directory are handled
- The `-s` option is meant for situations, when there is need to go through the directory structure (starting from the source directory)
 - `-s1` reflect the directory structure in output, too
 - `-s2` write the output files in the output directory only (no sub-directories)
- Valueless option (`-s`) or switch (`!s`) equals to option `-s1`

-y* : freshness filtering

- y filters input files based on age in days (“youngness”)
- The definition format is `dd.hh.min`
 - y14 not older than two weeks old files are read
 - y0.2 not older than two hours old files are read
 - y0.0.15 not older than fifteen minutes old files are read
- The *extended* format makes it possible to set the time window:
`dd.hh.min+dd.hh.min`
 - y2+10 not newer than ten minutes and older than two days
 - y2+1.0 not newer than one hour and older than two days
 - y2+1.0.0 not newer than one day and older than two days
 - y0+10 not newer than ten minutes

Input switches

- ! **a** try to open all Excel worksheets
 - usable e.g. for joining tables
 - all sheets will have the sheet number at the end of the output file name (except the first sheet)
- ! **b** bypass the default input string conversion (DOS > Unicode)
- ! **d** remove variables with only one value
- ! **i** show job progress information in the *Task Bar* balloon

Metadata

–a: add and manage metadata

- Metadata for almost all the keywords (table, variable value or cell specific) can be added, updated or removed with a control csv file (given with the `meta` parameter) and `–a` option
 - the keywords *CODES*, *DATA*, *HIERARCHIES*, *HIERARCHYNAMES*, *KEYS*, *LANGUAGES*, *PARTITIONED* and *VALUES* are not manageable, though
 - the keyword contents are **lightly** checked (not as thoroughly as in px file reading)
 - the control texts are not case-sensitive
 - `–a` option is not needed with the `job=px` setting (the file extension `csv` is enough)
- It is also possible to **pivot** the table (change the variable order), and change any variable, value text or value code

-a: the control file

- The first row of the file contains the column headers

<code><keyword></code>	valid px keyword name (<i>STUB</i> and <i>HEADING</i> are special)
<code>languagecode</code>	specific language code
<code>variablename</code>	variable name for variable and value specific keywords
<code>valuetext</code>	value text (or code) for value specific keywords
<code>code</code>	value code for value specific keywords
<code><variable></code>	variable names (for cell specific keywords)
<code>replacetext</code>	the text string to be replaced (if needed)
<code>filename</code>	the file name or mask (if needed)

- The column order is free
- Every row is regarded as a **separate** update instruction (either add, change or delete command) and there may be several same level keywords
- Empty cells are not handled

-a: keyword columns

- *<keyword>*
 - contains the new contents for the keyword
or the text string, which replaces the `replacetext` string
 - tilde (~) removes the keyword (not a mandatory one, though)
 - a new keyword will be added, but replacing an existing one needs to have the `-r` option as well
 - *TIMEVAL* is treated differently: only the format of the new contents is taken in account, the final keyword will be based on the target variable
 - the footnote keywords can be copied to another same-level footnote (e.g. *NOTEX* to *NOTE*)
 - *VALUENOTES* may be expanded to *CELLNOTES*
 - *VALUES* may be copied to *CODES*

-a: language and variable columns

- `languagecode`
 - the language code for the row (empty \Rightarrow all table languages)
 - if the code = the main language of the table, the keyword will also be set to all other table languages (if they are not set separately)
- `variablename`
 - mandatory for variable and value specific keywords
 - the variable name may be either in the defined language (defined by `languagecode`) or in the main language
- *<variable>*
 - mandatory for cell specific keywords
 - either value text in the defined or main language, value code, or * (= all)

-a: value and code columns

- valuetext
 - valuetext **or** code is mandatory for value specific keywords
 - either **value text** in the defined language or in the main language **or** value code (**preferably code should be used for this**)
- code
 - value code for value specific keywords

-a: replace and file filtering columns

- `replacetext`
 - the text string, which is **to be** replaced
(i.e. the keyword cell contains always the new contents)
 - may contain wildcard characters `*` and `?`
 - search is case-insensitive
 - will bypass the possible `-r` option
- `filename`
 - table file name
 - the `px` extension is not needed
 - wildcard characters `*` and `?` are accepted
 - may contain (part of the) database path

–a: changing variable order

- STUB
 - comma-separated variable list
 - if the variable name contains commas, it must be enclosed in quotes
 - if there is no *HEADING* column and all the given variables exist in the table, they will be set as the row variables, and the others as the column variables
 - if there is a *HEADING* column, and the table has the same variables, the table will be pivoted according to the *STUB*, *HEADING* setting
- HEADING
 - works like *STUB* but for column variables

-a: possible column combinations /1

- `<keyword> {<keyword>, ...} {replacetext} {languagecode} {filename}`
 - **table specific keyword injection**
- `<keyword> {<keyword>, ...} {variablename} {replacetext} {languagecode} {filename}`
 - **variable specific keyword injection**
- `<keyword> {<keyword>, ...} {variablename} {valuetext} {replacetext} {languagecode} {filename}`
- `<keyword> {<keyword>, ...} {variablename} {code} {replacetext} {languagecode} {filename}`
 - **value specific keyword injection**
- `<keyword> {<keyword>, ...} <variable> {<variable>, ...} {replacetext} {languagecode} {filename}`
 - **cell specific keyword injection**

-a: possible column combinations /2

- STUB {languagecode} {filename}
- HEADING {languagecode} {filename}
 - **setting row or column variables**
- STUB HEADING {languagecode} {filename}
 - **table pivoting**
- variablename replacetext {languagecode} {filename}
 - **change variable (from replacetext)**
- variablename valuenam replacetext {languagecode} {filename}
- variablename valuenam code {languagecode} {filename}
 - **change value text from replacetext or according to code**
- variablename code replacetext {languagecode} {filename}
- variablename code valuenam {languagecode} {filename}
 - **change code from replacetext or according to valuenam**

-g&: group variables for combining

- The grouped variables will be joined as a **new** variable
- The variable name may be set with the `-v` option or it will be combined from the grouped variable
- The variable values and codes will be combined with the separator, which may be set with the `-p` option (the default is slash `/`)
 - the variable names are given in the main table language as a comma-separated list (the names cannot thus contain commas)
 - the *TIMEVAL* keyword will be fixed, if possible (see `!t` switch)

`-gYear,Month`

variables to be combined

`-g"First name", "Old name"`

quotes needed for the spaces

`-gHEADING`

combine all column variables

`-gSTUB`

combine all row variables

-h? : Statistics Finland specific

- Most of these are reserved for Statistic Finland's internal use, relying upon the database structure, table file names and some specific metadata settings
 - h0 generate *MATRIX* keywords based on the table file name
 - h1 standardize *CONTACT* keywords (e.g. new phone numbers)
 - h2 "-" for *Maaseutuindikaattorit* database
 - h3 "-" for *Kaupunki-indikaattorit* database
 - h4 *TABLEID* batch (meta-csv: table, contents)
 - h5 *VARIABLE-ID* batch (meta-csv: table, variable, contents)
 - h6 key figures setting (variable order: *Alue*, *Tiedot*, *Vuosi*)
 - h7 variable-value listings
 - h8 *eXist* update csv
 - h25 search interesting data values in the database (default value is 25, may be changed with -v option), the result is a `csv` file

-m? : default metadata

- The default keywords are read from the `[Default]` section in the main settings file
 - default metadata will be added **after** any other metadata operations
 - **-m1** copy the missing metadata
 - **-m2** replace all possible metadata
- Valueless option (`-m`) or switch (`!m`) equals to option **-m1**

-n&: new variable

- The syntax: `-nVariable;value`
 - the single value may be either a given value or keyword contents
 - if `value` is missing, the file name will be used instead
 - the file name is without path and extension, underlines are converted to spaces
 - the names may be given for multilingual tables as comma-separated list (the language order must be standardized)
 - the names cannot have commas or semicolons

`-nInformation` new variable name `Information`

`-n"New variable"` quotes needed for the spaces

`-nNew;CONTENTS` the value text comes from the keyword

`-nTieto,Information;arvo,value` bilingual settings

-p* : partition string

- The separator used in variable combining (see the -g option)
- The default separator is a slash (/)
 - p- use dash
 - p:: use two colons
 - p" = " quotes needed for the spaces

-r? : replace metadata

- Used only with the `meta` parameter
 - r0 add all possible metadata (default)
 - r1 add and replace all possible metadata
 - r2 add all possible metadata and replace variable names (if there are the same number of names)
 - r3 add and replace all possible metadata and replace variable names, values and codes (use with caution!)
- Valueless option (`-r`) or switch (`!r`) equals to option `-r1`

-u* : update timestamp

— Add the *LAST-UPDATED* keyword

- | | |
|---|---|
| -u0 | use the current date (i.e. when the batch is run) |
| -u20130713 | set the date (use the default time) |
| -u20130713_13:30 | set the full timestamp |
| -u+2 | set the date two days later |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• if the date would be weekend, it will be changed to the next weekday• as default, the weekend is regarded as Saturday and Sunday (see -w)• the default time is usually defined in the main settings file | |
| -u+2_09:00 | set the date and time in future |

— Valueless option (**-u**) or switch (**!u**) equals to option **-u0**

-v* : variable names

- As default, the combined variable name will be made from the grouped variable names using the combine separator (see the `-g` and `-p` options)

<code>-vTime</code>	set the new variable name as <i>Time</i>
<code>-vTime,Tid,Aika</code>	set the new names for multilingual table (in the language order)
<code>-v"New name"</code>	quotes needed for the spaces

–w* : weekend skipping/ first column width

- Defining the non-Western weekend (along with option –u)
 - the default weekend is regarded as Saturday and Sunday
 - needed, if there is need to change the weekend days or just bypass the default weekend skipping with the option –u
 - the weekday numbering: 0 (Monday) ... 6 (Sunday)

–w45 set weekend as Friday and Saturday

–w7 no weekend skipping

- For html output, the option may be used for defining the first column width in pixels

–w200 200 pixel wide column

-x? : title fine-tuning

- For `px` job, the *TITLE* will always be set according to the PC-Axis rules
- For other output types, the *TITLE* may be created from *CONTENTS* or *DESCRIPTION* without the variable names
 - x1 set *TITLE* as *CONTENTS*
 - x2 set *TITLE* as *DESCRIPTION*
(or *CONTENTS*, if *DESCRIPTION* is not found)

Database report

job=report: database reports /1

- The database report result is a csv file

- The following column headers are used:

<code><keyword></code>	contents of the specified keyword
<code>filecreate</code>	file creation timestamp
<code>filename</code>	file name
<code>filepath</code>	the directory path of the file
<code>filesize</code>	file size in bytes
<code>fileupdate</code>	file change timestamp
<code>languagecode</code>	the language codes in the table
<code>pathname</code>	file path and name combined
<code>tablesize</code>	table size (rows) x (columns) = figures

job=report: database reports /2

- The following headers cause the report process read the data part, which may slow down the process remarkably

<code>datacells</code>	total number of data cells
<code>datanumbers</code>	total number of figures
<code>datazeroes</code>	total number of zeroes
<code>datadashes</code>	total number of dash codes
<code>datadotcodes</code>	total number of dot codes
<code>datadots1..7</code>	total number of corresponding dot codes
<code>datamin</code>	the minimum data value
<code>datamax</code>	the maximum data value
<code>datamean</code>	the average data value

- If the headers have the percent sign at the end (e.g. `datadotcodes%`), its value will be the percentage calculated with the total number of cells

report: general

- If there is no control csv file, the report includes the columns `filepath`, `filename`, `filesize`, `fileupdate`, `tablesize`, `languagecode`, `VARIABLES` and all **mandatory** keywords
- The `VARIABLES` column contains all the variables in the table (from *STUB* and *HEADING* keywords)
- The keywords *CODES*, *HEADING*, *KEYS*, *STUB* and *VALUES* cannot be included in the report
- The `!f` switch will print all the requested file information in the report even though there is no filtering information found (see the control csv structure)
- The controls are not case sensitive

report: the control file /1

- The report contents may be tuned by a controlling csv file, which is given with `meta` parameter; the file may be created in PX-Edit (*Edit/Database/Report*)
 - The **first** column is a **control code**, which is either `0` (general) or `1..4` (the keyword level: table, variable, value or cell specific keyword accordingly)
 - The second column contains the control words or keywords
 - The general controls are either for information (`filename`, `filecreate`, ...) or filtering (`languagecode`, `variable`, `value` or `content`)
 - `languagecode` may be alone (all the table languages) or it may be used for filtering the needed languages (language codes in separate columns)
 - each language will add a new line in the report
- `0; languagecode` all languages
- `0; languagecode; en; sv` only English and Swedish metadata

report: the control file /2

- `variable` may be alone (equals to all table variables) or it may be used for filtering the needed variables (variable names in separate columns)
 - each variable will add a new line in the report
- The variable names can be either in specified or main language
 - `0;variable` all variables (each in different line)
 - `0;variable;alue;region` filtering of the listed variables
 - `1;VARIABLES` all variable names in a single cell
- `value` defines the filtering value texts or codes
 - the value names can be either in specified or main language
 - `0;value;helsinki;091`

report: the control file /3

- `content` defines the keyword content filtering (it does not need to be the whole text) for **all** keywords
`0;content;Tilastokesk;Statist`
- It is possible to define the filtering values for each keyword **separately**
`1;DESCRIPTION;kala;fisk;fish`
- The report creating will be **permissive**, i.e. if an individual keyword is filtered (and the corresponding cell left empty), other keyword values may still add a new line in the report

Table joining

-j &: table joining

- The joining option has to be **separate**
- When this option is in use, all the input files will be opened and grouped, and each group is joined to the **first** table (the only criteria: the **same** number of variables)
 - corresponds to *Edit/Join* function with multiple tables in PX-Edit
- The plain -j option joins the tables with default values
 - this special case may be denoted by switch !j
- The -jn option tries to join single language tables to multilingual ones
 - the file names should end with underline and the language code, such as Example_**en**.px and Example_**fi**.px, but the main language file may lack the postfix
 - with -j1..4 options the file names may have 1 to 4 denoting characters at the end, like Example**EN**.px and Example**FI**.px for -j2

-j &: join options

- These joining options are closely related to the PX-Edit Join window
 - ja replace all metadata (default: only missing ones)
 - jb merge new values with old values after joining
 - jc do not use codes when matching values
 - je exact value text or code match with values
 - jf bypass fill items
 - jl do not create multilingual files, if possible
 - jm do not try to match the variable names
 - jn group the tables by file name without the last name part
 - jo use only original values
 - jr do not replace any metadata
 - js do not try to match values
 - jt replace value texts
 - j1..4 group the file names without the last 1 to 4 characters
- There may be several settings in use at the same time (-jmo)

Table splitting

split: the control file /1

- The splitting functionality needs a controlling csv file, which is given with `meta` parameter

- The first row contains the column headers

<i>STUB</i>	row variable name (mandatory)
<i>HEADING</i>	column variable name (mandatory)
<i>languagecode</i>	specific language code (default: base language)
<i>takevalues</i>	number of values taken from the variable list (if negative, from the end)
<i>skipvalue</i>	value texts or codes which will not be in the result
<i>withvalue</i>	value text (if not given, all the values are selected)

split: the control file /2

- The variable and value names are case insensitive without ending blanks
- Variable order will be the same as in the control file, extra variables will be put in row variables
- The value texts may contain value codes as well
- Empty column code is interpreted as `withvalue`

File saving

-b* : bypass naming standards

- Fine tuning of the file names
 - b_ spaces will not be converted to underscores
 - b= uppercase characters will not be converted to lowercase
 - b~ accented characters will not be converted to ascii
- Multiple settings may be defined, if needed (-b~_ =)
- For reporting
 - b/ sets the file path separator as slash

-c? : character conversion

- Set the character conversion for text and px files
 - c0 WinANSI (default)
 - c1 Unicode (UTF-8)
 - c2 ISO-8859
 - c10 WinANSI, missing *CHARSET* is interpreted as DOS coding
 - c11 Unicode (- “ -)
 - c12 ISO-8859 (- “ -)
 - c20 WinANSI, the *CODEPAGE* setting is ignored
 - c21 Unicode (- “ -)
 - c22 ISO-8859 (- “ -)
- It is still possible to read the old DOS-ANSI formatted PC-Axis files, but DOS saving format is **not** supported
- Valueless option (-c) or switch (!c) equals to option -c1

-d* : dash conversion

- The dash characters (**not** for px file) may be converted to dot codes or zero
 - d0 change dashes to zeroes

– **f*** : fill item

- The fill item may be any dot code or zero
- The default value will be read from the main settings file (default: . .)
 - **f . . .** set fill item as three dots

–k? : create new codes

- Empty code lists will be replaced
 - k1 use the corresponding value texts of the main language
 - if there are unique space separated prefixes in all the value texts, they will be used
 - k2 use only the corresponding value texts
 - k3 create sequential zero-padded numeric codes
 - if all the corresponding values are numeric, they will be used
 - k4 create only sequential zero-padded numeric codes
- Code lists containing empty codes will be **patched** with new codes using options –k11 to –k14
- Code lists containing empty codes will be **replaced** with new codes using options –k21 to –k24

-l&: languages /1

- The language option is used either for defining the languages for the output tables or the languages to be added when using the `meta` parameter
 - the first language in the list becomes the main language, which will e.g. define the possible character conversions
 - the languages will be added, if there are suitable metadata in the source
 - the option makes PX-Job read all the available language files
- l`en` use only **English** in the output file (if found),
 if there is no *LANGUAGE* keyword, it will be set as *LANGUAGE*="en";
- l`fi,sv,en` the output tables will have Finnish (main language),
 Swedish and English (if possible)

-l&: languages /2

- Valueless option (-l) makes PX-Job read the language files
 - the txt strings needed for TITLE creation are included in PX-Job for languages da, en, es, fi, fr, it, kl, no, pt, ru, sl, sv and uk
- The underline character in the language list (e.g. -l_fi, en) makes PX-Job read the language codes from the file names where the code is the last part of the name and separated by the underscore character (e.g. table_en.xlsx)
- The plus character in the language list (e.g. -l+) makes PX-Job save the language code in the second cell after the header for the structured files (csv, txt and xls)

-o? : output type /1

- px
 - o1 metadata part of the table ($p \times k$)
 - o2 sparse matrix format
- csv
 - o1 tab as field separator
 - o2 comma as field separator
 - o3 create metadata-csv (verbose)
 - o4 create metadata-csv (all metadata)
 - o5 tab as field separator, file extension is `xls` (see !q)
 - o6 all variables in rows (semicolon separated)
- htm
 - o1 coloured cell backgrounds
- report
 - o1 tab as field separator
 - o1 comma as field separator
- translate
 - o1 separate files, language code at the end of each file name

-o? : output type /2

- split
 - o1 csv
 - o2 xls
 - o3 htm
 - o4 htm, coloured cell backgrounds
- sql
 - o1 only metadata INSERT macros
 - o2 only data INSERT macros
 - o3 bulk saving (data part in csv format)
 - o4 DROP, CREATE and all INSERT macros
 - o5 DROP, CREATE and metadata INSERT macros
- xls
 - o1 tables in xlsx format
- xml
 - o1 tables in XML/Cals format
 - o2 tables in XML/Keys format

-q* : decimal and thousand qualifiers

- Formatting is used in XML/CalS saving only (except -q,)
 - q, comma for decimals, no thousand separator
this may be used in txt and csv outputs as well
 - q, . comma for decimals, dot for thousands
 - q. , dot for decimals, comma for thousands
 - q, _ comma for decimals, space for thousands
 - q_ dot for decimals, space for thousands
 - q, ~ comma for decimals, non-breaking space for thousands
 - q~ dot for decimals, non-breaking space for thousands
 - q, ' comma for decimals, apostrophe for thousands
 - q' dot for decimals, apostrophe for thousands

– **t*** : variable titles /1

- Effects only `csv`, `htm`, `xls` and `xls` output
 - hierarchically arranged:
 - **t0** texts only
 - **t1** codes only
 - **t2** codes and texts combined
 - **t3** codes and texts separated
 - all values:
 - **t10** texts only
 - **t11** codes only
 - **t12** codes and texts combined
 - **t13** codes and texts separated

–t* : variable titles /2

- Effects only `htm` output
 - hierarchically arranged, px-style title column:
 - t20 texts only
 - t21 codes only
 - t22 codes and texts combined
 - hierarchically arranged, px-style title column, last variable in columns:
 - t30 texts only
 - t31 codes only
 - t32 codes and texts combined

–z? : zip files to archives

- The separate `zip.exe` program is needed (included in the setup package)
- The archiving type depends on the `out` parameter
 - **file**: all files will be zipped in it
 - s option copies the directory structure within the output file
 - **directory**: all output will be copied in individual archives
 - s option copies the directory structure within the output directory
- If there is no `out` parameter, the files will be packed in the source directory
 - z2 option packs files in each directory in files (name = the directory)
 - z3 option works as z2, but the file names contain the directory paths (backslashes are replaced by underscores)
- Valueless option (`-z`) or switch (`!z`) equals to option `-z1`

Saving switches /1

- ! **f** print the file information always in the `report` (bypassing filtering)
 - forces handling all the files in metadata injection (`-a`)
 - changes dot codes to zeroes in text file output (`csv`, `htm` and `txt`)
- ! **g** add a single language code at the end of the file name
- ! **h** database publishing pipeline settings in Statistics Finland
- ! **k** keep the file change date
- ! **l** use system language for character conversion
- ! **n** add footnotes in the output table (`csv`, `htm`, `xls`)
- ! **o** do not write the log file
- ! **p** save using the screen decimal precision (**not** for `px` files)

Saving switches /2

- ! **q** quick copying of data part from source file (in `px` job)
save the file with both `csv` and `xls` extensions (in `csv` job with `-o5`)
- ! **t** try to set the *TIMEVAL* when combining variables
- ! **v** file replace validation
 - only with `px` job and `out` directory parameter, no join or zipping defined
 - checks that there is no newer output file present in the output directory
- ! **w** copy other than `px` files to the output directory
 - only with different `out` and `in` directories
- ! **x** delete (expunge) the source file(s) (use with caution!)
- ! **y** save changed tables only

Metadata editing

There are many ways to manage metadata

- Keyword **fetching** from template files
 - prepared px or pxk file is needed
 - the file does not have to be perfect, PX-Edit has to be able to open it

```
PX-Job in=... out=... meta=Template.pxk ...
```
- Adding **default** keyword values from the settings file
 - prepared settings file is needed (with [Defaults] section)
 - useful in quick patches (for example setting *CONTACT* keyword)

```
PX-Job in=... out=... set=Myset.ini -m ...
```
- Metadata **injection** with control csv files
 - separate csv files needed (creating is easy, e.g. with PX-Job or Excel)
 - versatile

```
PX-Job in=... out=... meta=Control.csv -a ...
```

Simple multilingualizing

translate: multilingualizing

- Creating the translation files (no `meta` parameter):

PX-Job `translate` in=D:\dbase\ out=D:\lang\ -s2
creates `translate` files from each `px` file in the database

- The translation files contain (most of the) multilingual keywords
 - every keyword defines its own block (in brackets)
 - the texts inside the sections should be translated, and the language code set accordingly
 - the file may contain several language blocks
- Multilingualizing
 - the `meta` parameter defines the translation files/directory

PX-Job `translate` in=D:\dbase\ `meta`=D:\lang\ out=D:\outp\ -s
multilingualizes those `px` files in the database, for which the corresponding translation file is found

Examples

Database actions

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ -s log=d:\log\Check.log

- read all px files in the database d:\dbase\ (sub-directories, too), validate them and save back, write all actions in the log file

PX-Job in=d:/dbase/ -sy7 log=d:/log/Check

- as before, but read only files, which are no older than one week

PX-Job **csv** in=d:\dbase\ out=d:\csvt\ -sc1 log=d:\log\Csv

- convert all px files in the database d:\dbase as Unicode (UTF-8) csv-tables (according to the main language) to the directory d:\csvt

PX-Job **csv** in=d:\dbase\ out=d:\csvt\ -sc1 -lsv log=d:\log\Csv

- as before, but now the metadata will be in Swedish (if there is sv language setting in the table) or in the table main language

Metadata enriching

PX-Job in=d:\input\ **meta**=d:\template\ log=d:\log\Fetch

- read px files from the directory d:\input\
- fetch possible new **metadata** for each file from the directory d:\template according to the table name
- save the result files in the source directory (no out= parameter)

PX-Job in=d:\input\ **meta**=d:\template\ -r log=d:\log\Fetch

- as before, but now **all** possible keywords will be copied

PX-Job in=d:\input\ **set**=d:\Batch.ini -ms log=d:\log\Set

- add to all px files in the database d:\dbase (with sub-directories) the new **default** keywords from the [Defaults] section in the settings file d:\Batch.ini

PX-Job in=d:\input\ **set**=d:\Batch.ini -m2s log=d:\log\Set

- as before, but now the **existing** values will be replaced as well

Metadata injection: table specific keywords /1

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ **meta**=d:\control\Ctrl_tbl11 -as ...

- read the control file and **add new** keywords for each language in the database d:\dbase (sub-directories included)

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_tbl11 -as**r** ...

- as before, but now the keywords will be **added or replaced**
- The file structure is now as follows (Ctrl_tbl11.csv):

	A	B	C
1	NOTE	languagecode	
2	taulukkoalaviite	fi	
3	table note	en	
4	samma på svenska	sv	
5			
6			

Metadata injection: table specific keywords /2

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_tbl2 -as ...

- the command is similar to the previous one
- The control file (Ctrl_tbl2.csv) contains several control rows:
 - set the *NOTE*-keyword for files, the name of which starts with 0?0
 - remove existing *PRESTEXT* keywords (headers are not case sensitive)
 - replace text *area* to *municipality* in the keywords *DESCRIPTION* and *CONTENTS*

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	NOTE	pretext	DESCRIPTION	CONTENTS	filename	replacetext	
2	table note				0?0*		
3		~					
4			municipality	municipality		area	
5							
6							

Metadata injection: variable specific keywords

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_var -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_var.csv) :
 - set the *NOTE* keyword for variables of different languages
 - set the *TIMEVAL* keyword for the variable *vuosi* (A equals to TLIST (A))
 - works for multilingual tables, if the main language is Finnish and the name of the variable is *vuosi*, *Vuosi*, *VUOSI*, etc.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	NOTE	TIMEVAL	variablename	languagecode	
2	muuttuja-alaviite		tienkäyttäjä	fi	
3	bära bilbälte		tienkäyttäjä	sv	
4	remember safety		road user	en	
5		A	vuosi		
6					

Metadata injection: value specific keywords

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_val -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_val.csv) :
 - set the *VALUENOTE* keyword for values
 - value *Suomi* in variable *Valtio* (all languages, Finnish as base language)
 - value *Finland* in variable *Country* (in English)
 - value code *529* (for Naantali town) in variable *Region* (in Swedish)

	A	B	C	D	E
1	VALUENOTE	variablename	valuetext	languagecode	
2	100-vuotias	Valtio	Suomi		
3	100 years	Country	Finland	en	
4	Mumindalen	529	Region	sv	
5					

Metadata injection: cell specific keywords

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_cell -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_cell.csv) :
 - set the *CELLNOTE* keyword
 - the table must have the variables *Industry*, *Indices*, *Month* and *Year* (or some subset of them)
 - the setting will touch all values (*) for the variable *Indices*, and the defined values for other variables (if found)

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Industry	Indices	Month	Year	CELLNOTE	
2	50-52	*	7	1998	Footnote for July 1998	
3						

Metadata injection: different levels in same csv

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_comb -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_comb.csv) :
 - a small combination of the previous control files
 - PX-Job tries to deduct the preferred injection based on non-empty cells of individual rows

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	NOTE	TIMEVAL	VALUENOTE	languagecode	variablename	valuetext	
2	taulukkoalaviite			fi			
3	table note			en			
4		A			vuosi		
5			100 years	en	country	Finland	
6							

Metadata injection: replacing text

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_repl -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_repl.csv) :
 - first line: replace text “contry” to “Country” in the *NOTE* keyword
 - second line: replace text “comments#” to “Comments :” for *CELLNOTES* for year 2000 and France
 - third line: replace text “comments#” to “Comments :” for all *CELLNOTES*
 - fourth line: expand the *VALUENOTE* for Finland to *CELLNOTES*
 - fifth line: delete the *VALUENOTE* for Finland

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	NOTE	replacetext	CELLNOTE	year	country	VALUENOTE	
2	Country	Contry					
3		Comments#	Comments :	2000	France		
4		Comments#	Comments :	*	*		
5			VALUENOTE	*	Finland		
6					Finland	~	
7							

Table pivoting

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_set -as ...

- The control file (Ctrl_set.csv) :
 - pivot the table with variables *Year*, *Region* and *Age*
 - move the variable *Gender* to row variable (others to columns)
 - move the variables *Region* and *NACE, 2008* as column variables

	A	B	C
1	STUB	HEADING	
2	Year	Region, Age	
3	Gender		
4		Region, "NACE, 2008"	
5			

Table splitting

PX-Job **split** in=d:\dbase\ meta=d:\control\Ctrl_spl -s ...

- The control file (Ctrl_spl.csv) :
 - the variable *Region* will have three named values in this order in rows
 - the variable *Industry* will have all its values in rows
 - the variable *Year* will have the five **last** values in columns
 - the table must have at least one of these variables
 - other possible variables will be in rows

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	STUB	HEADING	takevalues				
2	Region			Helsinki	Tampere	Turku	
3	Industry						
4		Year	-5				
5							

Table joining

```
PX-Job in=d:\dbase\Tseries.px, "d:\in\Monthly upd.xlsx" -j ...
```

- add data for a new month to the time series from a structured Excel table
- the Excel file name has to be in quotes because of the space in the name
- the original table has to be the first in the list

```
PX-Job in=d:\input\Provinces.xlsx out=d:\result\Package  
meta=d:\template\Mk.pxk !ajz
```

- open all worksheets of the Excel file (they have to be structured): !a
- join the tables: !j
- add suitable **metadata** from the template file: meta=
- save the zipped (!z) result (Provinces.px) as Package.zip

Miscellaneous /1

PX-Job **report** in=d:\dbase\ out=d:\reports\ -s

- make a default database report and save it in the output directory as `px-report_timestamp.csv`

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\deaths\ out=d:\result\Co_deaths.px
"-nCause of death" !j

- add a new variable *Cause of death* in the tables (NB: quotes), the value texts will be taken from the file names: -n
- join the tables (with the same number of variables): !j
- save the result table as `Co_deaths.px`

PX-Job in=d:\spain\ -les -s

- if needed, add the *LANGUAGE* keyword as **Spanish**, and create the *TITLE* keywords, too

Miscellaneous /2

PX-Job in=d:\dbase\ -gYear,Period -vTime -s !t

- **combine** (group) variables *Year* and *Period* as a variable *Time* in each table in the database where such variables are found
- try to set a suitable *TIMEVAL* expression for the combined variable
- if it succeeds, the variable codes are set according to the new *TIMEVAL*

PX-Job in=d:\olddb\ out=d:\newdb -jn -s -lfi,sv,en

- **join** monolingual tables in the database *olddb* as multilingual ones in the language order Finnish, Swedish and English to new location *newdb* with sub-directories
- the monolingual file names should have the language code as separate postfix (the main language files can lack the code)
e.g. Table1_fi.px, Table1_sv.px, Table1_en.px, Table2.px, Table2_sw.px, Table2_en.px, ...