Suomen virallinen tilasto Finlands officiella statistik Official Statistics of Finland

Finnish Travel

2013, Summer (1 May to 31 Aug 2013)

Finns favoured domestic trips and same-day trips abroad in May to August 2013

According to preliminary data of Statistics Finland, Finns were keen to travel in Finland during the summer months of 2013. Three per cent more domestic trips with paid accommodation were made than one year earlier. Trips with paid accommodation to Lapland increased by 44 per cent in May to August. The number of all leisure trips abroad decreased by two per cent from one year ago, but the number of same-day trips increased by 42 per cent compared with the corresponding period last year.



Finns' leisure trips, cumulative accumulation monthly 2010-2013*

In the second four months of 2013, Finnish residents aged 15 to 84 made more than 16 million trips when all domestic and foreign leisure trips, as well as business and professional trips are included. In addition to trips with overnight stay, the number also includes same-day trips abroad.

Around 11.5 million domestic leisure trips with overnight stay were made in the May to August period. Of these, 8.5 million were trips with free accommodation. Trips with overnight stay at paid accommodation numbered three million, and their most population destinations were located in Uusimaa, Pirkanmaa and Lapland. The number of trips with paid accommodation was three per cent higher than in May to August of the previous year.

The warm summer that started in Lapland already in May attracted Finns to enjoy the white summer nights at record levels, as the number of trips with paid accommodation to Lapland grew by 44 per cent compared with the corresponding period last year.

July was the most popular month for travelling in the summer months, as more than one million domestic trips with paid accommodation were made at that time.

Inclusive of trips with overnight stay in the destination country, cruises and same-day trips, leisure trips abroad numbered three million in the May to August period. Of the leisure trips abroad, 2,310,000 were trips with overnight stay in the destination country and 378,000 were cruises with overnight stay on board only. The cruises were mostly headed to Sweden and Estonia. In May to August, 350,000 same-day trips abroad were made, which is 42 per cent more than in the same period last year. Two-thirds of these trips, or 228,000 were day cruises to Estonia.

During the summer months, 654,000 trips with overnight stay were headed to Estonia and 293,000 to Sweden. Further in Europe, Finns' favourite summer destinations were Continental Spain and the Balearic Islands, to where 25 per cent more trips were made, Germany with an increase of 62 per cent and France with 31 per cent more trips than one year ago. The popularity of Greece among Finns decreased from last year's record levels.

Trips with overnight stay in the destination country fell in total by six per cent from last year's May to August period. July was also the most popular month for travelling abroad, as then the number of trips abroad with overnight stay in the destination country was 775,000.

In addition to leisure trips, 1.1 million domestic business or professional trips were made. Business or professional trips abroad (inclusive of trips with overnight stay in the destination country, cruises and same-day trips) numbered 0.5 million. Domestic business trips went up by seven per cent and business trips abroad went down by 14 per cent from last year.

These data derive from Statistics Finland's Finnish Travel survey for which altogether 5,650 Finnish residents aged 15 to 84 were interviewed in June, July, August and September. Until 2011, data were collected from those aged 15 to 74.

Notes to the appendix tables

From 2012 onwards the figures are not fully comparable with those on earlier years due to the revised data collection method.

[..] Data not available or too uncertain for presentation

- [] No observations in the survey
- * preliminary data

In some tables the sums do not amount to the totals shown because of rounding.

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			Мау	June	July	August	May-August, total	Year-on-year change, % 5-8/2013* -		
			1,000 trips	1,000 trips						
Trips, total		3,195	4,017	4,873	4,076	16,162	-2			
Leisure	Domestic	Total	1,958	2,947	3,663	2,929	11,497	-2		
		Paid accommodation	445	674	1,050	796	2,965	3		
		Free accommodation	1,514	2,272	2,614	2,133	8,533	-4		
	Abroad	Total ¹⁾	727	685	943	683	3,039	-2		
		Overnight stay in destination country	554	503	775	478	2,310	-6		
		Cruises	106	85	91	97	378	-7		
		Same-day visits	67	97	78	108	350	42		
Business	Domestic	Total	356	247	181	360	1,144	7		
	Abroad	Total ¹⁾	154	138	86	104	482	-14		

Appendix table 1. Trips of Finnish residents and changes in them in May-August 2013*

Symbols: [..] Data not available or too uncertain for presentation, [] No observations in the survey

1) Includes same-day trips, cruises and trips with overnight stay in destination country

Destination region	Trips with paid	accommodation	Trips with free a	accommodation	Domestic leis	ure trips, total
	Trips 5-8/2013*		Trips 5-8/2013*		Trips 5-8/2013*	
	1,000 trips	Share, %	1,000 trips	Share, %	1,000 trips	Share, %
Trips, total	2,965	100	8,533	100	11,497	100
Uusimaa	540	18	1,165	14	1,704	15
Varsinais-Suomi	246	8	739	9	985	9
Satakunta	111	4	271	3	382	3
Kanta-Häme			248	3	297	3
Pirkanmaa	315	11	885	10	1,200	10
Päijät-Häme	93	3	449	5	542	5
Kymenlaakso	81	3	292	3	373	3
South Karelia	86	3	287	3	373	3
Etelä-Savo	160	5	736	9	896	8
Pohjois-Savo	131	4	598	7	729	6
North Karelia	122	4	335	4	456	4
Central Finland	169	6	619	7	789	7
South Ostrobothnia	160	5	356	4	516	4
Ostrobothnia	54	2	191	2	245	2
Central Ostrobothnia			116	1	145	1
North Ostrobothnia	233	8	602	7	835	7
Kainuu	81	3	172	2	253	2
Lapland	262	9	434	5	696	6
Åland					82	1

Appendix table 2. Domestic leisure trips by destination region in May-August 2013*

Symbols: [..] Data not available or too uncertain for presentation, [] No observations in the survey

Appendix table 3. Means of transport used on domestic trips in May-August 2013*

Means of transport	Leisure		Business			
	Trips 5-8/2	013*	Trips 5-8/2013*			
	1,000 trips	1,000 trips Share, %		Share, %		
Trips, total	11,497	100	1,144	100		
Passenger car	9,445	82	796	70		
Coach	519	5	90	8		
Train	1,044	9	187	16		
Aeroplane	105	1	60	5		
Other	385	3				

Symbols: [..] Data not available or too uncertain for presentation, [] No observations in the survey

Appendix table 4. Leisure trips abroad (overnight in destination country) by destination in
May-August 2013*

Destination	Destination		013*
		1,000 trips	Share, %
Trips, total		2,310	100
Nordic countries		419	18
	Denmark	60	3
	Norway	66	3
	Sweden	293	13
Russia and Baltic countrie	es	823	36
	Estonia	654	28
	Russian Federation	131	6
Western and Eastern Euro	оре	464	20
	France	94	4
	Germany	145	6
	United Kingdom	56	2
Southern Europe and Eas	st Mediterranean countries	516	22
	Spain (without Canary Islands)	154	7
	Greece	106	5
	Italy	103	4
	Turkey	64	3
America, Africa, Asia and	Oceania	88	4

Appendix table 5.	Trips abroad by reasor	and destination in M	av-August 2013* ¹⁾
Appendix table 5.	The abroad by reason		ay-August 2015

Destination	1	Reason for trip abroad						
		Leisure trips		Business trips				
		Visiting friends or relatives	Holiday	Other personal reason	Leisure trips, total	Business trips, total		
		1,000 trips		1	1			
Trips, tota	I	285	2,542	211	3,039	482		
Nordic cou	ntries	115	579	51	744	115		
	Denmark		55		60			
	Norway		82		85			
	Sweden	107	441	51	599	74		
Russia and	Russia and Baltic countries		1,048	86	1,227	116		
	Estonia	63	898		1,006	95		
	Russian Federation		115		182			
Western ar	nd Eastern Europe	58	366		464	157		
	France		66		94			
	Germany		122		145			
	United Kingdom				56			
Southern E countries	urope and East Mediterranean		483		516			
	Spain (without Canary Islands)		145		154			
	Greece		102		106			
	Italy		95		103			
	Turkey		64		64			
America, A	frica, Asia and Oceania				88	56		

Symbols: [..] Data not available or too uncertain for presentation, [] No observations in the survey

1) Includes same-day trips, cruises and trips with overnight stay in destination country.

Appendix table 6. Trips to Sweden and Estonia in May-August 2013* and 2012

		Estonia			Sweden			
		Trips 5-8/2013*	Trips 5-8/2012 ²⁾	Year-on-year change, % 5-8/2013* -	Trips 5-8/2013*	Trips 5-8/2012 ²⁾	Year-on-year change, %	
		1,000 trips		5-8/2012	1,000 trips		5-8/2013* - 5-8/2012	
Trips, tot	al ¹⁾	1,101	1,106	0	673	3 740		
Leisure	Total ¹⁾	1,006	1,037	-3	599	607	-1	
	Overnight stay in destination country	654	740	-12	293	294	0	
	Cruises	124	149	-17	238	253	-6	
	Same-day visits (inc. day cruises)	228	148	54	68	60	13	
Business	Total ¹⁾	95	69	38	74	133	-45	

1) Includes same-day trips, cruises and trips with overnight stay in destination country

2) Revised data

Quality description: Finnish Travel 2013

Relevance of statistical information

The Finnish Travel Survey contains information on trips made by Finnish residents and on the number of persons having travelled during the year. The survey describes trips in Finland and abroad including overnight stay and same-day trips abroad.

The data from the survey are used for monitoring domestic travel and trips abroad made by Finnish residents. The data are intended particularly for the use of central government, tourism enterprises and organisations and researchers. Within central government, the data are mainly used for the balance of payment calculations of the Bank of Finland. The data from the survey are also reported to Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities in accordance with the Regulation on tourism statistics (EU) No 692/2011.

Statistics Finland collects the data for the statistics with a sample-based telephone interview survey. The survey persons represent the population aged 15 to 84 permanently resident in Finland.

The data are collected on voluntary basis. Survey data on individual persons must be kept confidential by virtue of the Statistics Act (280/2004, Section 12).

The concept of usual environment is essentially connected to the definition of tourism. According to the World Tourism Organisation (WTO), tourism means the activity of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year.

Statistics Finland's classifications of municipalities and countries for the statistical reference year are used for classifying destinations of trips.

Methodological description of the survey

The Finnish Travel Survey comprises two parts. The monthly survey collects information on trips made by Finnish residents, their numbers and characteristics. A so-called annual survey is made once a year to establish the number of persons who have travelled during the survey year.

The survey is a sample-based telephone interview survey where computer-assisted interview questionnaires are used. The interviews for the Finnish Travel Survey are conducted centrally from Statistics Finland's computer-assisted telephone interview centre, the CATI Centre. The data are collected between the February of the survey year and the January of the year following the survey year. The interviews are conducted immediately after the end of the month, during two to three weeks.

The data for the annual survey concerning persons having travelled are collected in the January of the year following the survey year. Previously, Statistics Finland's field interviewers conducted the telephone interviews for the annual survey around the country. From the statistical reference year 2012 onwards, the annual part of the survey was combined as part of the monthly interview made at the CATI Centre.

In each partial survey, the population comprises people aged 15 to 84 permanently resident in Finland according to the Population Information System. However, persons permanently living in institutions are excluded from the survey. The samples are drawn with systematic sampling, and they represent the population comprehensively with respect to age, gender, area of residence and native language.

Since 2012, the total annual sample size of the Finnish Travel Survey is approximately 28,200 persons. The data concerning the statistical reference year are obtained with 12 separate samples. From 2012, the sample size is 2,350 persons per month, while before that it was 2,200 persons. The same sample is also used for the data collection of the monthly Consumer Survey. In the interviews, target persons are asked about trips that had ended during the month preceding the interview month.

In connection with the January interviews, questions are also made concerning travelling in the preceding year. In the annual survey the responses to the questions made are of the form yes/no. In the interviews several groups of trips are examined, and the target persons are asked whether they had made trips of that group during the reference year.

The response data are expanded to the whole population with weighting coefficients. From 2012 onwards, the weighting coefficient for each month is expanded to the number of population of the month (preliminary data on population structure). The strata used are the respondent's age group, gender and area of residence (major region). Prior to 2012, only gender was used as the stratum.

Correctness and accuracy of data

The data content of the Finnish Travel Survey was extended particularly in the years 1995 to 1997 to correspond to the requirements of the EU directive on tourism statistics (95/57/EC). In 1996, same-day trips abroad were included in the survey in addition to trips with overnight stay, so in its present extent the survey presents a fairly comprehensive picture of travelling by Finnish residents. Only same-day trips in Finland are still excluded from the survey.

After the questionnaire reform of 2012, the respondent no longer decides the type of trip her/himself, but it is deduced from the responses given. All modes of overnight stays used during a trip are included in the questions, in order to ensure that trips with paid accommodation automatically get grouped correctly. This reduces errors and enables more accurate compilation of statistics.

The non-response rate for the Finnish Travel Survey is on the annual level 36 per cent, on average. Non-response is one of the main sources of errors, as the size of non-response has an immediate effect on the size of the weighting coefficients. The larger the non-response rate, the greater the weighting coefficients.

Random variation caused by sampling is described by means of confidence intervals calculated for the annual estimates of trips and persons having travelled.

Type of trip	Ν		Standard	95% Confidence Limit for Sum	
			deviation	Lower	Upper
		1,000 trips	;		
Domestic leisure trips with paid accommodation	2,049	6,380	130	6,166	6,595
Domestic leisure trips with free accommodation	6,413	20,391	179	20,097	20,685
Domestic business and professional trips	1,299	4,144	108	3,966	4,321
Same-day leisure trips abroad	223	700	47	623	777
Leisure cruises abroad	406	1,268	63	1,165	1,371
Leisure trips abroad, overnight in country of destination	1,862	5,836	126	5,628	6,043
Business and professional trips abroad	680	2,174	80	2,043	2,306

Table 1. Confidence Limits in Finnish Travel Survey by type of trip in year 2012

The results are presented at the accuracy of one thousand. Prior to 2012, figures below 10,000 were not published, but they were entered as uncertain data. Starting from 2012, figures under 50,000 are entered as uncertain data.

Timeliness and promptness of published data

Until 2011, data on the numbers of trips were published monthly four to five weeks from the end of the statistical reference month. From 2012 on, the data are released at four-month intervals four to seven weeks from the end of the period.

Annual data are published on the website of the Finnish Travel Survey one to four months after the end of the year.

Accessibility and transparency/clarity of data

The data are published only on Statistics Finland's website. The annual Finnish Travel publication was produced as a printed copy until the statistical year 2008.

Annual data on trips are available by group of trips and destination area in the database service on the Internet. The time series by group of trips start from 1991 and by destination area from 2000.

Comparability of statistics

The Finnish Travel Survey has been made regularly since 1991. From 1991 to 1994, Statistics Finland produced the Travel Survey on assignment of the Finnish Tourist Board. These years are mutually comparable, because uniform methods were used. In 1995, the survey was transferred completely to Statistics Finland. The content and methodological changes started in the same year had an effect on the comparability of data between 1995 and 1999. The data content and the calculation and data collection methods of the Travel Survey remained unchanged from 2000 to 2009. Due to changes made to the data collection in 2010 and 2012, the figures are not fully comparable with previous years.

Starting from the beginning of 2000, the survey has been made centrally together with the Consumer Survey. Prior to this, the data for the survey were collected in connection with those for Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey, quarterly between 1996 and 1999 and before that three times a year.

In 2000, the maximum length of a trip changed from 90 to 365 days according to the guidelines of the World Tourism Organization (WTO). The fact that starting from the statistical reference year 2000, target persons have been asked about trips that ended during the survey period instead of trips that started, has also weakened the comparability of the data somewhat.

The data collection was changed in 2010 so that the survey period of the interview month was shortened from two months to one month, that is, the inquiry concerns only trips that ended during the month immediately before the interview month, instead of the two previous months as before. Previously, final data on the numbers of trips in each month were obtained as an average for two samples, after the change, the figures are based on one sample.

From 2012 onwards, the statistics on tourism are compiled in accordance with the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EU) No 692/2011. At the same time, the population was extended from people aged 15 to 74 to those aged 15 to 84, more accurate weighting coefficients were introduced and significant changes were made to the interview questionnaire. On account of the revision, the data are not fully comparable with previous years. The extension of the age group increased the numbers of trips by one to three per cent at the main level. The revision of the weighting coefficients increased the numbers of trips by another one to three per cent at the main level. It is difficult to define the effect of changed questions on the results obtained. The deduction of the type of trip from the responses given (instead of the respondent's own classification) has moved part of the trips to another group. The revised instructions aim to lower the amount of travelling belonging to the usual environment in the statistics.

Data on persons having travelled are comparable between different years. The annual survey on persons having travelled was made in connection with the Labour Force Survey between 1991 and 2011 and after that as annexed to the monthly survey.

Coherence and consistency/uniformit

The **Finnish Travel Survey** compiles statistics on the demand for tourism. The supply of tourism in Finland is described in Statistics Finland's monthly and annually published **Accommodation statistics**. They contain data on the accommodation capacity of hotels and its use and overnight stays at accommodation establishments broken down by the travellers' country of residence.

In turn, the **Border Interview Survey** establishes the number of foreigners visiting Finland, their motives for coming to Finland and their use of money while in Finland. The reports of the Border Interview Survey are available on the website of the Finnish Tourist Board. The Border Interview Survey is a joint project of the Finnish Tourist Board and Statistics Finland.

Statistics on passenger transport between Finland and other countries are compiled on sea transport by the **Finnish Transport Agency** and on air transport by **Finavia**. However, these statistics do not report the country of residence of the travellers. The **Association of Finnish Travel Agents** (AFTA) publishes

yearly on its website statistics on leisure package tours made by air and their market shares, which provide information about the number of trips bought through travel agencies by country of destination.

Hill Statistics Finland

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